



# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

prepared 08/30/07

ICI Paints North America

15885 Sprague Road Strongsville, Ohio 44136

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (800) 545-2643

SPRED HOUSE DURA-SATIN

29XX

## HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (ANSI Section 3)

**Primary route(s) of exposure :** Inhalation, skin contact, eye contact, ingestion.

### Effects of overexposure :

**Inhalation :** Irritation of respiratory tract. Prolonged inhalation may lead to mucous membrane irritation, drowsiness, dizziness and/or lightheadedness, headache, uncoordination, nausea, chest pain, coughing, central nervous system depression, difficulty of breathing, severe lung irritation or damage, kidney damage, pneumoconiosis.

**Skin contact :** Irritation of skin. Prolonged or repeated contact can cause dermatitis, defatting. Possible sensitization to skin.

**Eye contact :** Irritation of eyes. Prolonged or repeated contact can cause conjunctivitis.

**Ingestion :** Ingestion may cause mouth and throat irritation, drowsiness, dizziness and/or lightheadedness, headache, uncoordination, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, gastro-intestinal disturbances, severe abdominal pain, abdominal pain, apathy, central nervous system depression, respiratory problems, intoxication, difficulty of breathing, abnormal blood pressure, liver damage, kidney damage, pulmonary edema, convulsions, loss of consciousness, cyanosis, acute poisoning, respiratory failure, cardiac failure, brain damage.

**Medical conditions aggravated by exposure :** Eye, skin, respiratory disorders, asthma-like conditions, kidney disorders.

## FIRST-AID MEASURES (ANSI Section 4)

**Inhalation :** Remove to fresh air. Restore and support continued breathing. Get emergency medical attention. Have trained person give oxygen if necessary. Get medical help for any breathing difficulty. Remove to fresh air if inhalation causes eye watering, headaches, dizziness, or other discomfort.

**Skin contact :** Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If any product remains, gently rub petroleum jelly, vegetable or mineral/baby oil onto skin. Repeated applications may be needed. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Dispose of contaminated leather items, such as shoes and belts.

**Eye contact :** Flush immediately with large amounts of water, especially under lids for at least 15 minutes. If irritation or other effects persist, obtain medical treatment.

**Ingestion :** If swallowed, obtain medical treatment immediately.

## FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES (ANSI Section 5)

**Fire extinguishing media :** Dry chemical or foam water fog. Carbon dioxide. Closed containers may burst if exposed to extreme heat or fire. May decompose under fire conditions emitting irritant and/or toxic gases. In closed tanks, water or foam may cause frothing or eruption.

**Fire fighting procedures :** Water may be used to cool and protect exposed containers. Firefighters should use full protective clothing, eye protection, and self-contained breathing apparatus. Self-contained breathing apparatus recommended.

**Hazardous decomposition or combustion products :** Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen chloride, toxic gases, acrylic monomers. Cyanides.

## ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (ANSI Section 6)

**Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled :** Comply with all applicable health and environmental regulations. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Spills may be collected with absorbent materials. Evacuate all unnecessary personnel. Place collected material in proper container. Spilled material is extremely slippery. Complete personal protective equipment must be used during cleanup. Small spills - use absorbent to pick up residue and dispose of properly.

## HANDLING AND STORAGE (ANSI Section 7)

**Handling and storage :** Store below 100f (38c). Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep from freezing.

**Other precautions :** Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not take internally. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with skin and eyes, and breathing of vapors. Wash hands thoroughly after handling, especially before eating or smoking. Keep containers tightly closed and upright when not in use. Avoid conditions which result in formation of inhalable particles such as spraying or abrading (sanding) painted surfaces. If such conditions cannot be avoided, use appropriate respiratory protection as directed under exposure controls/personal protection. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues. Ground equipment when transferring to prevent accumulation of static charge.

## EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (ANSI Section 8)

**Respiratory protection :** Control environmental concentrations below applicable exposure standards when using this material. When respiratory protection is determined to be necessary, use a NIOSH/MSHA (Canadian z94.4) Approved elastomeric sealing- surface facepiece respirator outfitted with organic vapor cartridges and paint spray (dust/mist) prefilters. Determine the proper level of protection by conducting appropriate air monitoring. Consult 29CFR1910.134 For selection of respirators (Canadian z94.4).

**Ventilation :** Provide dilution ventilation or local exhaust to prevent build-up of vapors.

**Personal protective equipment :** Eye wash, safety shower, safety glasses or goggles. Impervious gloves, impervious clothing, face shield.

## STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (ANSI Section 10)

**Under normal conditions :** Stable see section 5 fire fighting measures

**Materials to avoid :** Oxidizers, acids, reducing agents, bases, halogens, nitric acid, hydroxyl containing compounds.

**Conditions to avoid :** Elevated temperatures, contact with oxidizing agent, freezing, sparks, open flame, ignition sources.

**Hazardous polymerization :** Will not occur

## TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (ANSI Section 11)

**Supplemental health information :** Contains a chemical that may be absorbed through skin. Contains iron oxide, repeated or prolonged exposure to iron oxide dust may cause siderosis, a benign pneumoconiosis. Other effects of overexposure may include toxicity to liver, kidney, central nervous system, reproductive system.

**Carcinogenicity :** Contains formaldehyde, a potential cancer hazard. Rats exposed to formaldehyde via inhalation developed cancer of the nasal cavity. Evidence in humans is limited (nasal and nasopharyngeal cancer). Formaldehyde is listed as a carcinogen by OSHA, probable human carcinogen (group 2a) by IARC, and anticipated human carcinogen by NTP. Overexposure can cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation, and skin and respiratory sensitization. Contains crystalline silica which is considered a hazard by inhalation. IARC has classified crystalline silica as carcinogenic to humans (group 1). Crystalline silica is also a known cause of silicosis, a noncancerous lung disease. The national toxicology program (NTP) has classified crystalline silica as a known human carcinogen. The international agency for research on cancer (IARC) has classified carbon black as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2b) based on sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate evidence in humans. In a lifetime inhalation study, exposure to 250 mg/m3 titanium dioxide resulted in the development of lung tumors in rats. These tumors occurred only at dust levels that overwhelmed the animals' lung clearance mechanisms and were different from common human lung tumors in both type and location. The relevance of these findings to humans is unknown but questionable. The international agency for research on cancer (IARC) has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2b) based on inadequate evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals.

**Reproductive effects :** A study conducted by NTP, using a continuous breeding protocol, demonstrated that diethylene glycol in drinking water at a concentration of 3.5% (6.1 G/kg/day) resulted in decreased fertility and reproductive performance in mice. These effects were not seen in the lower dose levels evaluated. Since the exposure resulting from incidental contact is likely to be lower by several degrees of magnitude and the route of exposure used in this study does not reflect a likely route from occupational or consumer use the significance of these findings to humans is uncertain.

**Mutagenicity :** No mutagenic effects are anticipated

**Teratogenicity :** Some laboratory test results have shown ethylene glycol to be an animal teratogen. However, an expert panel convened by the national toxicology program's center for the evaluation of risks to human reproduction (cerhr) conducted a review of the scientific literature and concluded that ethylene glycol does not present a significant concern with respect to developmental and reproductive toxicity in humans.

**ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**(ANSI Section 12)**

No ecological testing has been done by ICI paints on this product as a whole.

**DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**(ANSI Section 13)**

**Waste disposal :** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Avoid discharge to natural waters.

**REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**(ANSI Section 15)**

As of the date of this MSDS, all of the components in this product are listed (or are otherwise exempt from listing) on the TSCA inventory. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR (controlled products regulations) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

**Physical Data**

**(ANSI Sections 1, 9, and 14)**

Product Code	Description	Wt. / Gal.	VOC gr. / ltr.	% Volatile by Volume	Flash Point	Boiling Range	HMIS	DOT, proper shipping name
2900	spread house dura-satin finish acrylic latex paint - white	10.22	116.84	67.81	none	212-400	*310	paint ** protect from freezing **
2906	spread house dura-satin finish acrylic latex paint - dover gray	9.65	128.77	70.67	none	212-501	*210	paint ** protect from freezing **
2908	spread house dura-satin finish acrylic latex paint - bark	9.56	132.18	69.69	none	212-501	*210	paint ** protect from freezing **
2910	spread house dura-satin finish acrylic latex paint - white tint base	10.29	116.00	67.52	none	212-400	*310	paint ** protect from freezing **
2915	spread house dura-satin finish acrylic latex paint - colonial red	9.76	133.86	69.79	none	212-501	*310	paint ** protect from freezing **
2918	spread house dura-satin finish acrylic latex paint - pastel tint base	10.02	121.75	70.42	none	212-400	*310	paint ** protect from freezing **
2922	spread house dura-satin finish acrylic latex paint - historic tan	9.95	121.95	68.77	none	212-501	*210	paint ** protect from freezing **
2923	spread house dura-satin finish acrylic latex paint - country blue	9.89	222.31	68.46	none	149-501	*110	paint ** protect from freezing **
2928	spread house dura-satin finish acrylic latex paint - crylight green	9.54	216.38	68.92	none	212-501	*210	paint ** protect from freezing **
2937	spread house dura-satin finish acrylic latex paint - stratford brown	9.39	133.50	70.02	none	212-501	*210	paint ** protect from freezing **
2980	spread house dura-satin finish acrylic latex paint - deep tint base	9.33	131.58	69.55	none	212-501	*310	paint ** protect from freezing **
2987	spread house dura-satin finish acrylic latex paint - intermediate tint base	9.53	140.09	73.97	none	212-501	*310	paint ** protect from freezing **
2990	spread house dura-satin exterior acrylic ltx paint - accent tint base	9.32	117.44	68.13	none	212-501	*210	paint ** protect from freezing **

**Ingredients**

**Product Codes with % by Weight (ANSI Section 2)**

Chemical Name	Common Name	CAS. No.	2900	2906	2908	2910	2915	2918	2922	2923	2928	2937	2980	2987	2990
1,2-ethanediol	ethylene glycol	107-21-1	1-5	1-5		1-5		1-5	1-5	5-10	5-10		1-5	1-5	1-5
ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis-	diethylene glycol	111-46-6			1-5		1-5					1-5			
c.i. pigment green 7	phthalo green pigment	1328-53-6									1-5				
iron oxide	iron oxide	1332-37-2			1-5		5-10					1-5			
carbon black	carbon black	1333-86-4			.1-1.0							.1-1.0			
titanium oxide	titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	10-20	5-10	1-5	10-20	.1-1.0	10-20	10-20	5-10			1-5	5-10	
cristobalite	crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1													.1-1.0
propanoic acid, 2-methyl-, monoester with 2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol	texanol	25265-77-4	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5
2-propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate	acrylic polymer	25852-37-3	10-20	10-20		10-20		10-20	10-20					10-20	

**Ingredients (Continued)**

**Product Codes with % by Weight (ANSI Section 2)**

Chemical Name	Common Name	CAS. No.	2900	2906	2908	2910	2915	2918	2922	2923	2928	2937	2980	2987	2990
nepheline syenite	feldspar-type minerals	37244-96-5	5-10	5-10	10-20	5-10	10-20	1-5	1-5	10-20	10-20	10-20	10-20	5-10	10-20
formaldehyde	formaldehyde	50-00-0	LT .01	LT .01		LT .01		LT .01	LT .01					LT .01	
c.i. pigment yellow 42	yellow iron oxide	51274-00-1			1-5				1-5		1-5	1-5			
ceramic materials and wares, chemicals	calcined kaolin clay	66402-68-4							1-5						
kieselguhr, soda ash flux-calcined	silica, diatomaceous earth	68855-54-9													.1-1.0
water	water	7732-18-5	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	60-70	50-60
acrylic resin	acrylic resin	Sup. Conf.			20-30		20-30			20-30	20-30	20-30	20-30		20-30

**Chemical Hazard Data**

**(ANSI Sections 2, 8, 11, and 15)**

Common Name	CAS. No.	ACGIH-TLV				OSHA-PEL				S.R. Std.	S2	S3	CC					
		8-Hour TWA	STEL	C	S	8-Hour TWA	STEL	C	S					H	M	N	I	O
ethylene glycol	107-21-1	not est.	not est.	100 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	y	y	y	n	n	n	n
diethylene glycol	111-46-6	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
phthalo green pigment	1328-53-6	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
iron oxide	1332-37-2	5 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
carbon black	1333-86-4	3.5 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	3.5 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	y	n
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	y	y	n
crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	.025 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	0.05 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	y	y	n
texanol	25265-77-4	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
feldspar-type minerals	37244-96-5	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
formaldehyde	50-00-0	not est.	not est.	0.3 ppm	not est.	0.75 ppm	2 ppm	not est.	not est.	not est.	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y
yellow iron oxide	51274-00-1	5 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
calcined kaolin clay	66402-68-4	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
silica, diatomaceous earth	68855-54-9	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	6 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n

**Footnotes:**

C=Ceiling - Concentration that should not be exceeded, even instantaneously.

S=Skin - Additional exposure, over and above airborne exposure, may result from skin absorption.

n/a=not applicable  
not est.=not established  
CC=CERCLA Chemical

ppm=parts per million  
mg/m3=milligrams per cubic meter  
Sup Conf=Supplier Confidential

S2=Sara Section 302 EHS  
S3=Sara Section 313 Chemical  
S.R.Std.=Supplier Recommended Standard

H=Hazardous Air Pollutant, M=Marine Pollutant  
P=Pollutant, S=Severe Pollutant  
Carcinogenicity Listed By:  
N=NTP, I=IARC, O=OSHA, y=yes, n=no